AS 5030:2026
ISO 3054:2025

Australian STANDARD®

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Essential oil of lavandin Abrial (*Lavandula x intermedia* Emeric ex Loisel. ‘abrial’) (ex *Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. x *Lavandula latifolia* Medik. ‘abrial’) (ISO 3054:2025, IDT)



AS 5030:2026

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Accord Australasia
Australian Society of Cosmetic Chemists
Australian Tea Tree Industry Association
Essential Oil Producers Association of Australia
The Australian Lavender Growers Association

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How to read this Standard

This page explains the meaning of the language and structure of this Standard.

Refer to Standards Australia's Standardisation Guide 006 for more details about drafting rules.

Australian and Australian/New Zealand Standards are voluntary unless they are referenced in legislation or called up in contracts.

Requirements

To conform to a Standard, all requirements in the Standard need to be met.

A requirement is any statement in the Standard which uses the word "shall".

Recommendations, permissions and possibilities

The following words are commonly used in Standards, but statements using them do not have to be followed to conform to the Standard:

(a) "should" means that something is recommended.

(b) "may" means that something is permitted.

(c) "can" means that something is possible.

Structure of Standards

A Standard always has the following parts:

(i) The Preface states who developed the Standard, what the Standard is aiming to do, and how it relates to other documents.

(ii) The Scope states what the Standard is about, what it covers and what it does not cover.

(iii) The Normative references clause lists other documents that are referenced in the Standard as part of requirements.

(iv) The Terms and definitions clause defines important terms to help with understanding the Standard.

A Standard may also include other parts, such as the following:

(1) A normative appendix sets additional requirements that need to be conformed to.

(2) An informative appendix provides additional information or guidance. They usually do not contain requirements. If an informative appendix does contain requirements, the Standard will explain when those requirements apply.

(3) A Bibliography lists documents referenced in the Standard but not as part of requirements.

Many Standards include notes. Notes provide recommendations and/or guidance only. They never contain requirements.

Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee CH-021, Essential Oils, to supersede AS 5030:2002, *Oil of lavandin Abrial (*Lavandula angustifolia *Miller × Lavandula* angustifolia *Medikus), French type.*

The objective of this document is to specify certain characteristics of the essential oil of lavandin Abrial (*Lavandula x intermedia* Emeric ex Loisel. 'abrial') (ex *Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. x *Lavandula latifolia* Medik. 'abrial'), in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

This document is identical to, and has been reproduced from, ISO 3054:2025, *Essential oil of lavandin Abrial (Lavandula x intermedia Emeric ex Loisel. 'abrial') (ex Lavandula angustifolia Mill. x Lavandula latifolia Medik. 'abrial')*.

As this document has been reproduced from an international document, a comma is to be read as a full point when referring to a decimal marker.

Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are identical adoptions of international normative references may be used interchangeably. Refer to the online catalogue for information on specific Standards.

The terms "normative" and "informative" are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A "normative" appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an "informative" appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

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Annex A (informative) **Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of lavandin Abrial (*Lavandula x intermedia* Emeric ex Loisel. 'abrial') (ex *Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. x *Lavandula latifolia* Medik. 'abrial')** **4**

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, *Essential oils*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 3054:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

— the title has been changed, deleting “French type”;

— normative references have been updated;

— Spain has been included as one of the principal producers of the essential oil;

— in 4.2, two columns have been added in Table 2 to add the ranges (minimum and maximum) for the Spanish type.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user’s national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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1 Scope

This document specifies certain characteristics of the essential oil of lavandin Abrial (*Lavandula x intermedia* Emeric ex Loisel. 'abrial') (ex *Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. x *Lavandula latifolia* Medik. 'abrial'), in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 210, *Essential oils — General requirements and guidelines for packaging, conditioning and storage*

ISO 211, *Essential oils — General requirements for labelling and marking of containers*

ISO 212, *Essential oils — Sampling*

ISO 279, *Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method*

ISO 280, *Essential oils — Determination of refractive index*

ISO 592, *Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation*

ISO 875, *Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol*

ISO 1242, *Essential oils — Determination of acid value by two titration methods, manual and automatic*

ISO 11024 (all parts), *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1
essential oil of lavandin Abrial
essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the freshly cut flowering tops of a particular clone of lavandin (*Lavandula x intermedia* Emeric ex Loisel. 'abrial') (ex *Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. x *Lavandula latifolia* Medik. 'abrial'), of the Lamiaceae family, principally produced in France and Spain

Note 1 to entry: For information on the characterization of this essential oil, see ISO/TR 21092.

Note 2 to entry: This essential oil is also known commercially as essential oil of *Lavandin abrialis*.

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