AS ISO 22300:2019
ISO 22300:2018

AS ISO 22300:2019

Australian STANDARD®

Security and resilience — Vocabulary

STANDARDS Australia

AS ISO 22300:2019

This Australian Standard® was prepared by MB-025, Security and Resilience. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 9 October 2019.

This Standard was published on 24 October 2019.

The following are represented on Committee MB-025:

Attorney Generals Department
Australasian Fire and Emergency Service Authorities Council
Australian Emergency Management Institute
Australian Local Government Association
Australian Risk Policy Institute
Australian Security Industry Association
Australian Strategic Policy Institute
Business Continuity Institute Australasia
Engineers Australia
International Association of Privacy Professionals Australia New Zealand
International Commission of Jurists Australia
Office of the Victorian Information Commissioner
Risk and Insurance Management Society of Australasia
Risk Management Institute of Australasia
Security Professionals Registry Australasia
Torrens Resilience Institute

This Standard was issued in draft form for comment as DR AS ISO 22300:2018.

Keeping Standards up-to-date

Ensure you have the latest versions of our publications and keep up-to-date about Amendments, Rulings, Withdrawals, and new projects by visiting:
www.standards.org.au

ISBN 978 1 76072 605 8

AS ISO 22300:2019
ISO 22300:2018

Australian STANDARD®

Security and resilience — Vocabulary

First published as AS ISO 22300:2019.

COPYRIGHT

© ISO 2019 — All rights reserved
© Standards Australia Limited 2019

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher, unless otherwise permitted under the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth).

Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee MB-025, Security and Resilience.

The objective of this Standard is to define terms used in security and resilience standards.

This Standard is identical with, and has been reproduced from ISO 22300:2018, *Security and resilience — Vocabulary*.

As this document has been reproduced from an International Standard, a full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are identical adoptions of international normative references may be used interchangeably. Refer to the online catalogue for information on specific Standards.

The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A ‘normative’ appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an ‘informative’ appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

© Standards Australia Limited 2019

Contents

Preface ..... **ii**
Foreword ..... **iv**
1 Scope **1**
2 Normative references **1**
3 Terms and definitions **1**
Bibliography **36**

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292, *Security and resilience*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 22300:2012), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are that terms have been added from recent published documents and documents transferred to ISO/TC 292.

© Standards Australia Limited 2019

Australian Standard®

Security and resilience — Vocabulary

1 Scope

This document defines terms used in security and resilience standards.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1
activity
process (3.180) or set of processes undertaken by an *organization* (3.158) (or on its behalf) that produces or supports one or more *products or services* (3.181)

EXAMPLE Accounts, call centre, IT, manufacture, distribution.

3.2
affected area
location that has been impacted by a *disaster* (3.69)

Note 1 to entry: The term is more relevant to immediate *evacuations* (3.80).

3.3
after-action report
document (3.71) which records, describes and analyses the *exercise* (3.83), drawing on debriefs and reports from *observers* (3.154), and derives lessons from it

Note 1 to entry: The after-action report documents the results from the after-action *review* (3.197).

Note 2 to entry: An after-action report is also called a final exercise report.

3.4
alert
part of *public warning* (3.183) that captures attention of first responders and *people at risk* (3.166) in a developing *emergency* (3.77) situation

3.5
all clear
message or signal that the danger is over

3.6
all-hazards
naturally occurring *event* (3.82), human induced event (both intentional and unintentional) and technology caused event with potential *impact* (3.107) on an *organization* (3.158), *community* (3.42) or society and the environment on which it depends

© Standards Australia Limited 2019