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Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) – Part 3: Galileo receiver equipment – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

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MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS (GNSS) –

Part 3: Galileo receiver equipment – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

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International Standard IEC 61108-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 80: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
80/590/FDIS	80/595/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 61108 series, under the general title: *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS)*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS (GNSS) –

Part 3: Galileo receiver equipment – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61108 specifies the minimum performance standards, methods of testing and required test results for Galileo shipborne receiver equipment, based on IMO resolution MSC.233(82), which uses the signals from the Galileo Global Navigation Satellite System in order to determine position. It takes account of the general requirements given in IMO resolution A.694(17) and is associated with IEC 60945. When a requirement in this standard is different from IEC 60945, the requirement in this standard takes precedence. It also takes account, as appropriate, of requirements for the presentation of navigation-related information on shipborne navigational displays given in IMO resolution MSC.191(79) and is associated with IEC 62288.

A description of the Galileo Open Service and Safety of Life Service is given in the Galileo interface control documents (see Bibliography). This receiver standard applies to navigation in ocean waters for the open service and harbour entrances, harbour approaches and coastal waters for the Safety of Life service, as defined in IMO resolution A.953(23).

All text of this standard, whose meaning is identical to that in IMO resolution MSC.233(82), is printed in *italics* and the resolution and paragraph numbers are indicated in brackets i.e. (M.233/A1.2).

The requirements in Clause 4 are cross-referenced to the tests in Clause 5 and vice versa.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60721-3-6:1987, *Classification of environmental conditions – Part 3-6: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities – Ship environment*

IEC 60945, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61108-1:2003, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) – Part 1: Global positioning system (GPS) – Receiver equipment – Performance standards, methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61108-4, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) – Part 4: Shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61162 (all parts), *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces*

IEC 61162-1, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners*

IEC 62288, *Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Presentation of navigation-related information on shipborne navigational displays – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results*

IMO resolution A.694(17), *General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids*

IMO resolution A.915(22), *Revised maritime policy and requirements for a future Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)*

IMO resolution A.953(23), *World-wide radionavigation system*

IMO resolution MSC.233(82), *Adoption of the Performance Standards for Shipborne GALILEO Receiver Equipment*

ITU-R Recommendation M.823-3, *Technical characteristics of differential transmissions for Global Navigation Satellite Systems from maritime radio beacons in the frequency band 283.5-315 kHz in Region 1 and 285-325 kHz in Regions 2 and 3*

RTCM 10402 RTCM Recommended Standards for Differential GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite Systems) Service, Version 2.4