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colour inside

GROUP ENERGY EFFICIENCY PUBLICATION

Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof – Part 2-9: Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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SAFETY OF TRANSFORMERS, REACTORS, POWER SUPPLY UNITS AND COMBINATIONS THEREOF –

Part 2-9: Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~

FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at https://patents.iec.ch. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 61558-2-9:2010. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 61558-2-9 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 96: Transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2010. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

a) adjustment of structure and references in accordance with IEC 61558-1:2017;
b) addition of a new symbol for power supply unit with linearly regulated output voltage;
c) document is not only valid for transformers for tungsten filament handlamps.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
96/593/FDIS	96/597/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this document is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

It has the status of a group safety publication in accordance with IEC Guide 104.

This document is to be used in conjunction with IEC 61558-1:2017.

This document supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 61558-1:2017, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: *Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps.*

A list of all parts in the IEC 61558 series published under the general title *Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof,* can be found on the IEC website.

Future standards in this series will carry the new general title as cited above. Titles of existing standards in this series will be updated at the time of the next edition.

Where this document states "*addition*", "*modification*" or "*replacement*", the relevant text of IEC 61558-1:2017 is to be adopted accordingly.

In this document, the following print types are used:

– requirements proper: in roman type;
– *test specifications: in italic type*;
– explanatory matter: in smaller roman type.

In the text of this document, the words in **bold** are defined in Clause 3.

Subclauses, notes, figures and tables additional to those in IEC 61558-1:2017 are numbered starting from 101; supplementary annexes are entitled AA, BB, etc.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
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- revised.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

IEC TC 96 has a group safety function in accordance with IEC Guide 104 for transformers other than those intended to supply distribution networks, in particular transformers and power supply units intended to allow the application of protective measures against electric shock as defined by TC 64, which is about Electrical installations and protection against electric shock, but in certain cases including the limitation of voltage and horizontal safety function for SELV, in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41.

The group safety function (GSF) is used because of responsibility for example for safety extra-low voltage (SELV) in accordance with IEC 61140:2016, 5.2.6 and IEC 60364-4-41:2005, 414.3.1 or control circuits in accordance with IEC 60204-1:2016, 7.2.4.

The group safety function is used for each part of IEC 61558-2 because different standards of the IEC 61558 series can be combined in one construction but in certain cases with no limitation of rated output power.

For example an auto-transformer in accordance with IEC 61558-2-13 can be designed with a separate SELV-circuit in accordance with the particular requirements for IEC 61558-2-6 relating to the general requirements of IEC 61558-1.

SAFETY OF TRANSFORMERS, REACTORS, POWER SUPPLY UNITS AND COMBINATIONS THEREOF –

Part 2-9: Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~

1 Scope

Replacement:

This part of IEC 61558 deals with the safety of **transformers for class III handlamps** ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~ and **power supply units incorporating transformers for class III handlamps** ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~. **Transformers** incorporating **electronic circuits** are also covered by this document.

NOTE 1 Safety includes electrical, thermal and mechanical ~~and chemical~~ aspects.

Unless otherwise specified, from here onward, the term **transformer** covers **transformers for class III handlamps** ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~ and **power supply units incorporating transformers for class III handlamps** ~~for tungsten filament lamps~~.

For **power supply units** (linear) this document is applicable. For **switch mode power supply units** IEC 61558-2-16 is applicable together with this document. Where two requirements are in conflict, the most severe takes precedence.

This document is applicable to **stationary** or **portable**, single-phase, air-cooled (natural or forced) **independent** or **associated dry-type transformers.** The windings ~~may~~ can be encapsulated or non-encapsulated.

~~This standard is applicable to **transformers** and **power supply** (linear) with **internal operational frequencies** not exceeding 500 Hz.~~

~~This standard used in combination with Part 2-16 for **switch mode power supply** (**SMPS**) units is also applicable to power supplies with **internal operational frequencies** higher than 500 Hz. Where the two requirements are in conflict, the most severe take precedence.~~

The **rated supply voltage** does not exceed 1 000 V AC and the **rated supply frequency** and the **internal** ~~operational~~ **operating frequencies** do not exceed 500 Hz.

Transformers ~~for **class III handlamps for tungsten filament lamps**~~ have the following additional characteristics:

– **the no-load output voltage** and the **rated output voltage** do not exceed 50 V AC or 120 V ripple-free DC;
– there is only a small difference between the **no-load output voltage** and the **rated output voltage**.

The **rated output** does not exceed 10 kVA.

This document is not applicable to external circuits and their components intended to be connected to the input terminals and output terminals of the **transformers**.

NOTE 2 **Transformers** covered by this document are only used in applications where **double** or **reinforced insulation** between circuits is required by the installation rules or by the end product standard.

~~NOTE 2~~ Attention is drawn to the following, if necessary:

– for **transformers** intended to be used in vehicles, on board ships, and aircraft, additional requirements (from other applicable standards, national rules, etc.) ~~may be necessary~~;

– measures to protect the **enclosure** and the components inside the enclosure against external influences such as fungus, vermin, termites, solar-radiation, and icing ~~should also be considered~~;

– the different conditions for transportation, storage, and operation of the **transformers** ~~should also be considered~~;

– additional requirements in accordance with other appropriate standards and national rules ~~may~~ can be applicable to **transformers** intended for use in special environments.

~~NOTE 3~~ Future technological development of **transformers** ~~may~~ can necessitate a need to increase the upper limit of the frequencies. Until then this document ~~may~~ can be used as a guidance document.

This group safety publication focusing on safety guidance is primarily intended to be used as a product safety standard for the products mentioned in the scope but is also intended to be used by technical committees in the preparation of publications for products similar to those mentioned in the scope of this group safety publication, in accordance with the principles laid down in IEC Guide 104 and ISO/IEC Guide 51.

One of the responsibilities of a technical committee is, wherever applicable, to make use of basic safety publications and/or group safety publications in the preparation of its publications.

2 Normative references

IEC 61558-1:2017, Clause 2 is applicable, except as follows:

Addition:

IEC 60245-4:2011, *Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 4: Cords and flexible cables*

IEC 61558-1:~~2005~~2017, ~~*Safety of power transformers, power supplies, reactors and similar products*~~ *Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof – Part 1: General requirements and tests*

IEC 61558-2-16:2021, *Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof – Part 2-16: Particular requirements and tests for switch mode power supply units and transformers for switch mode power supply units for general applications*

IEC 61558-2-9

Edition 3.0 2024-06

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

GROUP ENERGY EFFICIENCY PUBLICATION
PUBLICATION GROUPÉE SUR L'EFFICACITÉ ÉNERGÉTIQUE

Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof – Part 2-9: Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps

Sécurité des transformateurs, bobines d'inductance, blocs d'alimentation et des combinaisons de ces éléments –
Partie 2-9: Exigences particulières et essais pour les transformateurs et blocs d'alimentation pour lampes baladeuses de classe III



IEC 61558-2-9:2024-06(en-fr)

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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SAFETY OF TRANSFORMERS, REACTORS, POWER SUPPLY UNITS AND COMBINATIONS THEREOF –

Part 2-9: Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps

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SAFETY OF TRANSFORMERS, REACTORS, POWER SUPPLY UNITS AND COMBINATIONS THEREOF –

Part 2-9: Particular requirements and tests for transformers and power supply units for class III handlamps

1 Scope

Replacement:

This part of IEC 61558 deals with the safety of **transformers for class III handlamps** and **power supply units incorporating transformers for class III handlamps**. **Transformers** incorporating **electronic circuits** are also covered by this document.

NOTE 1 Safety includes electrical, thermal and mechanical aspects.

Unless otherwise specified, from here onward, the term **transformer** covers **transformers for class III handlamps** and **power supply units incorporating transformers for class III handlamps**.

For **power supply units** (linear) this document is applicable. For **switch mode power supply units** IEC 61558-2-16 is applicable together with this document. Where two requirements are in conflict, the most severe takes precedence.

This document is applicable to **stationary** or **portable**, single-phase, air-cooled (natural or forced) **independent** or **associated dry-type transformers.** The windings can be encapsulated or non-encapsulated.

The **rated supply voltage** does not exceed 1 000 V AC and the **rated supply frequency** and the **internal operating frequencies** do not exceed 500 Hz.

Transformers have the following additional characteristics:

– **the no-load output voltage** and the **rated output voltage** do not exceed 50 V AC or 120 V ripple-free DC;
– there is only a small difference between the **no-load output voltage** and the **rated output voltage**.

The **rated output** does not exceed 10 kVA.

This document is not applicable to external circuits and their components intended to be connected to the input terminals and output terminals of the **transformers**.

NOTE 2 **Transformers** covered by this document are only used in applications where **double** or **reinforced insulation** between circuits is required by the installation rules or by the end product standard.

Attention is drawn to the following, if necessary:

– for **transformers** intended to be used in vehicles, on board ships, and aircraft, additional requirements (from other applicable standards, national rules, etc.);
– measures to protect the **enclosure** and the components inside the enclosure against external influences such as fungus, vermin, termites, solar-radiation, and icing;
– the different conditions for transportation, storage, and operation of the **transformers**;

– additional requirements in accordance with other appropriate standards and national rules can be applicable to **transformers** intended for use in special environments.

Future technological development of **transformers** can necessitate a need to increase the upper limit of the frequencies. Until then this document can be used as a guidance document.

This group safety publication focusing on safety guidance is primarily intended to be used as a product safety standard for the products mentioned in the scope but is also intended to be used by technical committees in the preparation of publications for products similar to those mentioned in the scope of this group safety publication, in accordance with the principles laid down in IEC Guide 104 and ISO/IEC Guide 51.

One of the responsibilities of a technical committee is, wherever applicable, to make use of basic safety publications and/or group safety publications in the preparation of its publications.

2 Normative references

IEC 61558-1:2017, Clause 2 is applicable, except as follows:

Addition:

IEC 60245-4:2011, *Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 4: Cords and flexible cables*

IEC 61558-1:2017, *Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof – Part 1: General requirements and tests*

IEC 61558-2-16:2021, *Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and combinations thereof – Part 2-16: Particular requirements and tests for switch mode power supply units and transformers for switch mode power supply units for general applications*

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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SÉCURITÉ DES TRANSFORMATEURS, BOBINES D'INDUCTANCE, BLOCS D'ALIMENTATION ET DES COMBINAISONS DE CES ÉLÉMENTS –

Partie 2-9: Exigences particulières et essais pour les transformateurs et blocs d'alimentation pour lampes baladeuses de classe III

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9) L'IEC attire l'attention sur le fait que la mise en application du présent document peut entraîner l'utilisation d'un ou de plusieurs brevets. L'IEC ne prend pas position quant à la preuve, à la validité et à l'applicabilité de tout droit de brevet revendiqué à cet égard. À la date de publication du présent document, l'IEC n'avait pas reçu notification qu'un ou plusieurs brevets pouvaient être nécessaires à sa mise en application. Toutefois, il y a lieu d'avertir les responsables de la mise en application du présent document que des informations plus récentes sont susceptibles de figurer dans la base de données de brevets, disponible à l'adresse https://patents.iec.ch. L'IEC ne saurait être tenue pour responsable de ne pas avoir identifié de tels droits de brevets.

L'IEC 61558-2-9 a été établie par le comité d'études 96 de l'IEC: Transformateurs, bobines d'inductance, blocs d'alimentation et combinaisons de ces éléments. Il s'agit d'une Norme internationale.

Cette troisième édition annule et remplace la deuxième édition parue en 2010. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

a) la structure et les références ont été alignées sur l'IEC 61558-1:2017;
b) un nouveau symbole a été ajouté pour les blocs d'alimentation dont la régulation de la tension secondaire est linéaire;
c) le document ne s'applique pas seulement aux transformateurs pour lampes baladeuses à filament de tungstène.

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

Projet	Rapport on vote
96/593/FDIS	96/597/RVD

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à son approbation.

La langue employée pour l'élaboration de ce document est l'anglais.

Le présent document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2, il a été développé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 1 et les Directives ISO/IEC, Supplément IEC, disponibles sous www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. Les principaux types de documents développés par l'IEC sont décrits plus en détail sous www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

Il a le statut d'une publication groupée de sécurité conformément au Guide IEC 104.

Le présent document doit être utilisé conjointement avec l'IEC 61558-1:2017.

Le présent document complète ou modifie les articles correspondants de l'IEC 61558-1:2017, de façon à transformer cette publication en norme IEC: *Exigences particulières et essais pour les transformateurs et blocs d'alimentation pour lampes baladeuses de classe III.*

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 61558, publiées sous le titre général *Sécurité des transformateurs, bobines d'inductance, blocs d'alimentation et des combinaisons de ces éléments*, se trouve sur le site web de l'IEC.

Les futures normes de cette série porteront le nouveau titre général cité ci-dessus. Le titre des normes qui existent déjà dans cette série sera mis à jour lors de leur prochaine édition.

Lorsque le présent document mentionne "*addition", "modification"* ou "*remplacement"*, le texte correspondant de l'IEC 61558-1:2017 doit être adapté en conséquence.

Dans le présent document, les caractères d'imprimerie suivants sont utilisés:

– exigences proprement dites: caractères romains;
– *modalités d'essais: caractères italiques*;
– commentaires: petits caractères romains.

Dans le texte du présent document, les termes en **gras** sont définis à l'Article 3.

Les paragraphes, notes, figures et tableaux qui s'ajoutent à ceux de l'IEC 61558-1:2017 sont numérotés à partir de 101; les annexes qui sont ajoutées sont désignées AA, BB, etc.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous webstore.iec.ch dans les données relatives au document recherché. À cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé, ou
- révisé.

INTRODUCTION

Le CE 96 de l'IEC a une fonction groupée de sécurité, conformément au Guide 104 de l'IEC pour les transformateurs autres que ceux destinés à alimenter les réseaux de distribution, en particulier les transformateurs et les blocs d'alimentation destinés à permettre l'application de mesures de protection contre les chocs électriques telles que définies par le CE 64, qui traite des Installations électriques et de la protection contre les chocs électriques, mais, dans certains cas, comprenant la limitation de tension, ainsi qu'une fonction horizontale de sécurité pour les très basses tensions de sécurité (TBTS), conformément à l'IEC 60364-4-41.

La fonction groupée de sécurité (GSF, *Group Safety Function*) est utilisée en raison, par exemple, de la responsabilité de la très basse tension de sécurité (TBTS), conformément au 5.2.6 de l'IEC 61140:2016 et au 414.3.1 de l'IEC 60364-4-41:2005, ou des circuits de commande, conformément au 7.2.4 de l'IEC 60204-1:2016.

La fonction groupée de sécurité est utilisée pour chacune des parties de l'IEC 61558-2, car différentes normes de la série IEC 61558 peuvent être combinées en une seule et même construction, mais dans certains cas sans aucune limitation de la puissance assignée.

Un autotransformateur conforme à l'IEC 61558-2-13 peut par exemple être conçu avec un circuit TBTS distinct, conformément aux exigences particulières de l'IEC 61558-2-6 liées aux exigences générales de l'IEC 61558-1.

SÉCURITÉ DES TRANSFORMATEURS, BOBINES D'INDUCTANCE, BLOCS D'ALIMENTATION ET DES COMBINAISONS DE CES ÉLÉMENTS –

Partie 2-9: Exigences particulières et essais pour les transformateurs et blocs d'alimentation pour lampes baladeuses de classe III

1 Domaine d'application

Remplacement:

La présente partie de l'IEC 61558 traite de la sécurité des **transformateurs pour lampes baladeuses de classe III** et des **blocs d'alimentation qui incorporent des transformateurs pour lampes baladeuses de classe III**. Les **transformateurs** qui incorporent des **circuits électroniques** sont également couverts par le présent document.

NOTE 1 La sécurité comprend les aspects électrique, thermique et mécanique.

Sauf spécification contraire, dans la suite du présent document, le terme **transformateur** couvre les **transformateurs pour lampes baladeuses de classe III** et les **blocs d'alimentation qui incorporent des transformateurs pour lampes baladeuses de classe III**.

Pour les **blocs d'alimentation** (linéaires), le présent document s'applique. Pour les **blocs d'alimentation à découpage**, l'IEC 61558-2-16 et le présent document s'appliquent. Lorsque deux exigences sont contradictoires, la plus contraignante prévaut.

Le présent document s'applique aux **transformateurs** de **type sec fixes** ou **mobiles**, monophasés, à refroidissement par air (naturel ou forcé) **indépendants** ou **associés**. Les enroulements peuvent être enrobés ou non enrobés.

La **tension primaire assignée** ne dépasse pas 1 000 V en courant alternatif, et la **fréquence d'alimentation assignée** et les **fréquences de fonctionnement interne** ne dépassent pas 500 Hz.

Les **transformateurs** présentent les caractéristiques supplémentaires suivantes:

– la **tension secondaire à vide** et la **tension secondaire assignée** ne dépasse pas 50 V en courant alternatif ou 120 V en courant continu lissé;

– il n'existe qu'une faible différence entre la **tension secondaire à vide** et la **tension secondaire assignée**.

La **puissance assignée** ne dépasse pas 10 kVA.

Le présent document ne s'applique pas aux circuits externes et à leurs composants destinés à être connectés aux bornes primaires et bornes secondaires des **transformateurs**.

NOTE 2 Les **transformateurs** couverts par le présent document ne sont utilisés que dans le cadre d'applications pour lesquelles les règles d'installation ou la norme du produit final exigent une **isolation double** ou **renforcée** entre les circuits.

L'attention est attirée sur les points suivants, si nécessaire:

– exigences supplémentaires (issues d'autres normes applicables, règles nationales, etc.) pour les **transformateurs** destinés à être utilisés dans des véhicules, à bord de navires ou d'avions;

– mesures qui visent à protéger l'**enveloppe** et les composants situés à l'intérieur de celle-ci contre les facteurs d'influence externes comme les champignons, la vermine, les termites, les rayonnements solaires et le givre;

– différentes conditions de transport, de stockage et de fonctionnement pour les **transformateurs**;

– exigences supplémentaires qui peuvent s'appliquer aux **transformateurs** destinés à être utilisés dans un environnement particulier, au regard d'autres normes et règles nationales applicables.

Les évolutions techniques futures des **transformateurs** peuvent nécessiter une augmentation de la limite supérieure des fréquences. En attendant, le présent document peut être utilisé à titre de recommandation.

La présente publication groupée de sécurité portant sur des recommandations de sécurité est avant tout destinée à être utilisée en tant que norme en matière de sécurité des produits pour les produits cités dans le domaine d'application, mais elle est également destinée à être utilisée par les comités d'études dans le cadre de l'élaboration de publications pour des produits similaires à ceux cités dans le domaine d'application de la présente publication groupée de sécurité, conformément aux principes établis dans le Guide 104 de l'IEC et le Guide 51 de l'ISO/IEC.

L'une des responsabilités d'un comité d'études consiste, le cas échéant, à utiliser les publications fondamentales de sécurité et/ou les publications groupées de sécurité dans le cadre de l'élaboration de ses publications.

2 Références normatives

L'IEC 61558-1:2017, Article 2 s'applique, avec l'exception suivante:

Addition:

IEC 60245-4:2011, *Conducteurs et câbles isolés au caoutchouc – Tension assignée au plus égale à 450/750 V – Partie 4: Câbles souples*

IEC 61558-1:2017, *Sécurité des transformateurs, bobines d'inductance, blocs d'alimentation et des combinaisons de ces éléments – Partie 1: Exigences générales et essais*

IEC 61558-2-16:2021, *Sécurité des transformateurs, bobines d'inductance, blocs d'alimentation et combinaisons de ces éléments – Partie 2-16: Exigences particulières et essais pour les blocs d'alimentation à découpage et les transformateurs pour blocs d'alimentation à découpage pour applications d'ordre général*