IEC 62351-5

Edition 1.0 2023-01

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

colour inside

Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 5: Security for IEC 60870-5 and derivatives

Gestion des systèmes de puissance et échanges d'informations associés – Sécurité des communications et des données – Partie 5: Aspects de sécurité pour l'IEC 60870-5 et ses dérivés



IEC 62351-5:2023-01 (en-fr)



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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POWER SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED INFORMATION EXCHANGE – DATA AND COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY –

Part 5: Security for IEC 60870-5 and derivatives

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IEC 62351-5 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 57: Power systems management and associated information exchange. It is an International Standard.

This International Standard cancels and replaces IEC TS 62351-5 published in 2013. It constitutes a technical revision. The primary changes in this International Standard are:

a) The secure communication mechanism is performed on per controlling station/controlled station association.
b) User management to add, change or delete a User, was removed.
c) Symmetric method to change the Update Key was removed.
d) Asymmetric method to the change Update Key was reviewed.
e) Challenge/Reply procedure and concepts were removed.
f) Aggressive Mode concept was replaced with the Secure Data message exchange mechanism.
g) Authenticated encryption of application data was added.

h) The list of permitted security algorithms has been updated.

i) The rules for calculating messages sequence numbers have been updated

j) Events monitoring and logging was added.

NOTE The following print types are used:

CAPITALIZATION has been used in the text of this document to formally identify the most important components of the described security mechanism. These components include: 1) data items e.g. Update Keys, Session Keys; 2) procedure names, e.g. Station Association, Session Key Change; message names, e.g. Association Request, Session Request; 3) state names, e.g. Session Established, Wait for Session Response; 5) statistics e.g. Authentication Errors, Unexpected Messages and 5) event names e.g. Reply Timeout, Rx Invalid Session Key Change.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
57/2516/FDIS	57/2555/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

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- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
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POWER SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED INFORMATION EXCHANGE – DATA AND COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY –

Part 5: Security for IEC 60870-5 and derivatives

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62351 defines the application profile (A-profile) secure communication mechanism specifying messages, procedures and algorithms for securing the operation of all protocols based on or derived from IEC 60870-5, *Telecontrol Equipment and Systems – Transmission Protocols*. This document applies to at least those protocols listed in Table 1.

Table 1 – Scope of application to standards

Number	Name
IEC 60870-5-101	Companion standard for basic telecontrol tasks
IEC 60870-5-102	Companion standard for the transmission of integrated totals in electric power systems
IEC 60870-5-103	Companion standard for the informative interface of protection equipment
IEC 60870-5-104	Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles
DNP3	Distributed Network Protocol (defined in IEEE Std 1815, based on IEC 60870-1 through IEC 60870-5 and maintained jointly by the DNP Users Group and the IEEE)

The initial audience for this document is intended to be the members of the working groups developing the protocols listed in Table 1.

For the measures described in this document to take effect, they must be accepted and referenced by the specifications for the protocols themselves. This document is written to enable that process. The working groups in charge of taking this document to the specific protocols listed in Table 1 may choose not to do so.

The subsequent audience for this document is intended to be the developers of products that implement these protocols.

Portions of this document may also be of use to managers and executives in order to understand the purpose and requirements of the work.

This document is organized working from the general to the specific, as follows:

- Clauses 2 through 4 provide background terms, definitions, and references.
- Clause 5 describes the problems this specification is intended to address.
- Clause 6 describes the mechanism generically without reference to a specific protocol.
- Clauses 7 and 8 describe the mechanism more precisely and are the primary normative part of this specification.
- Clause 9 define the interoperability requirements for this secure communication mechanism, including the relationship of this standard to IEC 62351-3 for transport layer security..
- Clause 10 describes the requirements for other standards referencing this document.

The actions of an organization in response to events and error conditions described in this document are expected to be defined by the organization's security policy and they are beyond the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60870-5 (all parts), *Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5: Transmission protocols*

IEC TS 62351-1, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 1: Communication network and system security – Introduction to security issues*

IEC TS 62351-2, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 2: Glossary of terms*

IEC 62351-3, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 3: Communication network and system security – Profiles including TCP/IP*

IEC 62351-7, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 7: Network and System Management (NSM) data object models*

IEC 62351-8, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 8: Role-based access control for power system management*

IEC 62351-14, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 14: Cyber security event logging*[1]

IETF RFC 2104, *HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication*

IETF RFC 3394, *Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Key Wrap Algorithm*

IETF RFC 5116, *An Interface and Algorithms for Authenticated Encryption*

IETF RFC 5869, *HMAC-based Extract-and-Expand Key Derivation Function (HKDF)*

IETF RFC 7693, *The BLAKE2 Cryptographic Hash and Message Authentication Code (MAC)*

IETF RFC 7748, *Elliptic Curve for Security*

SEC2-V2, *Standards for Efficient Cryptography SEC2: Recommended Elliptic Curve Domain Parameters – Version 2.0*

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[1] Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC ACDV 62351-14:2021.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC TS 62351-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1
association ID
pair of values that uniquely identify the communication link between a controlling station and a controlled station and the related set of cryptographic keys

3.2
central authority
entity whose scope is the entire organization for which the purpose is to provide authentication information to devices and systems of the organization to authorize them to communicate. The Central Authority may or may not also be a Certificate Authority

3.3
communication link
the communication channel that connects two communicating entities. This link may be an actual physical link or it may be a logical link that uses one or more actual physical links.

3.4
control direction
direction of transmission from the controlling station to a controlled station

[SOURCE: IEC 60870-5-101:2003, 3.3]

3.5
controlled station
station which is monitored, or commanded and monitored by a master (controlling) station

Note 1 to entry: It is commonly called an "outstation" or "slave" in some specifications.

[SOURCE: IEC TR 60870-1-3:1997, 3, modified (addition of "(controlling" and Note 1 to entry)]

3.6
controlling station
station which performs the telecontrol of controlled stations

Note 1 to entry: It is commonly called a "master" or "master station" in some specifications.

[SOURCE: IEC TR 60870-1-3:1997, 3, modified (replacement of "outstations" with "controlled stations)]

3.7
local station
station nearest to the observer when the process is the same on both the controlling and controlled station

3.8
monitoring direction
direction of transmission from a controlled station to a controlling station

[SOURCE: IEC 60870-5-101:2003, 3.4]

3.9
remote station
station farther from the observer when the process is the same on both the controlling and controlled station

3.10
telecontrol
control of operational equipment at a distance using the transmission of information by telecommunication techniques

Note 1 to entry: Telecontrol may comprise any combination of command, alarm, indication, metering, protection and tripping facilities, without any use of speech messages.

[SOURCE: IEC TR 60870-1-3:1997, 3]

4 Abbreviated terms

Refer to IEC TS 62351-2 for a list of applicable abbreviated terms. The following terms are included here because they are specifically used in the affected protocols and also used in the discussion of this secure communication mechanism.

A-Profile	Application Profile. Security for the application layer.
AEAD	Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data. Function to encrypt and authenticate data (providing confidentiality and authentication). Note that AEAD also supports integrity protection of additional data, which is not encrypted.
AID	Association ID. Value identifying a single connection between controlling and Controlled stations.
ASDU	Application Service Data Unit. The application layer message submitted to lower layers for transmission.
C.ing	Controlling (referred to the controlling Station).
C.led	Controlled (referred to the controlled Station).
HKDF	HMAC-based Extract-and-Expand Key Derivation Function. Function to derive a symmetric cryptographic key.
HMAC	Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code. Function to authenticate data using a secret cryptographic key.
IKM	Input Keying Material. Data provided to the HKDF-Extract function to generate a pseudo-random key (PRK).
KEK	Key Encryption Key. A secret key used to encrypt another secret key.
MAC	Message Authentication Code. The calculated value used by a station to authenticate and check the integrity of an Application Protocol Data Unit.
PRK	Pseudo-Random Key. Data provided to the HKDF-Expand function to generate a secret key.
T-Profile	Transport Profile. Security for transport layer (TCP/IP)
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.