International Standard

ISO 11452-1

Fifth edition
2025-06

Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy —

Part 1: General principles and terminology

Véhicules routiers — Méthodes d'essai d'un équipement soumis à des perturbations électriques par rayonnement d'énergie électromagnétique en bande étroite —

Partie 1: Principes généraux et terminologie

Reference number
ISO 11452-1:2025(en)

© ISO 2025



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2025

All rights reserved.

ISO publications, in their entirety or in fragments, are owned by ISO. They are licensed, not sold, and are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the ISO End Customer License Agreement, the License Agreement of the relevant ISO member body, or those of authorized third-party distributors.

Unless otherwise specified or required for its implementation, no part of this ISO publication may be reproduced, distributed, modified, or used in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, scanning, recording, or posting on any intranet, internet, or other digital platforms, without the prior written permission of ISO, the relevant ISO member body or an authorized third-party distributor.

This publication shall not be disclosed to third parties, and its use is strictly limited to the license type and purpose specified in the applicable license grant. Unauthorized reproduction, distribution, or use beyond the granted license is prohibited and may result in legal action.

ISO copyright office

CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8

CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva

Phone: +41 22 749 01 11

Email: copyright@iso.org

Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Licensing and use terms

As stated above, ISO documents, as well as any updates and/or corrections, and any intellectual property or other rights pertaining thereto, are owned by ISO. ISO documents are licensed, not sold. This document does not in any way operate to assign or transfer any intellectual property rights from ISO to the user. ISO documents are protected by copyright law, database law, trademark law, unfair competition law, trade secrecy law, and any other applicable law. Users acknowledge and agree to respect ISO's intellectual property rights in the ISO documents.

The use of ISO documents is subject to the terms and conditions of the applicable licence agreement.

ISO documents are provided under different licensing agreement types ("Licence Type") allowing a non-exclusive, non-transferable, limited, revocable right to use/access the ISO documents for one or more of the purposes described below ("Purpose"), which may be internal or external in scope. The applicable Purpose(s) must be agreed in the purchase order and/or in the applicable licence agreement.

a) Licence Type:

   1) Single registered end-user licence (watermarked in the user's name) for the specified Purpose. Under this license, the user cannot share the ISO document with a third party, including on a network.

   2) Network licence for the specified Purpose. The network licence can be assigned to either unnamed concurrent end-users or named concurrent end-users within the same organization.

b) Purpose:

1) Internal Purpose. Internal use only within the user's organization, including but not limited to own implementation ("Internal Purpose").

The scope of permitted internal use is specified at the time of purchase or through subsequent agreement with ISO, the ISO member body in the user's country, any other ISO member body or an authorized third-party distributor, including any applicable internal use rights (such as for internal meetings, internal training programmes, preparation of certification services, for integration or illustration in internal manuals, internal training materials, and internal guidance documents). Each internal use must be explicitly specified in the purchase order and/or in the applicable licence agreement, and specific fees and requirements apply to each permitted use.

2) External Purpose. External use, including but not limited to:

— testing services;

— inspection services;

— certification services;

— auditing services;

— consulting services;

— conformity assessment scheme development and implementation;

— training services;

— education;

— research;

— software development and other digital platform or software-enabled digital services;

— any other services or activities conducted by the user or the user's organization to third parties, whether for commercial or non-commercial purposes ("External Purpose").

The scope of permitted external use is specified at the time of purchase or through subsequent agreement with ISO, the ISO member body in the user's country, any other ISO member body or an authorized third-party distributor, including any applicable external use rights (e.g. in publications, products, or services marketed and sold by the user/the user's organization). Each external use must be explicitly specified in the purchase order and/or in the applicable licence agreement, and specific fees and requirements apply to each permitted use.

Unless users have been granted use rights according to the above provisions, they are not granted the right to share or sublicense ISO documents inside or outside their organization for either Purpose. If users wish to obtain additional use rights for ISO documents or their content, users can contact ISO or the ISO member body in their country to explore possible options.

If the user or the user's organization is granted a licence for the External Purpose of providing any of the following services to third parties:

— testing services;

— inspection services;

© ISO 2025 – All rights reserved

— certification services;

— auditing services;

— consulting services,

and if any of these five (5) services reference, rely upon, incorporate, or otherwise make use of any aspect, requirement, provision, or any other information of any ISO document, the user or the user's organization agrees to verify that the third party receiving such services has obtained from the ISO member body in their country, any other ISO member body, ISO or an authorized third-party distributor, a valid licence for its own implementation of such ISO document or other use related to such services. This verification obligation must be included in the applicable licence agreement obtained by the user or the user's organization.

ISO documents must not be disclosed to third parties, and users must use them solely for the purpose specified in the purchase order and/or applicable licensing agreement. Unauthorized disclosure or use of ISO documents beyond the licensed purpose is prohibited and can result in legal action.

Use restrictions

Except as provided for in the applicable licence agreement and subject to a separate licence by ISO, the ISO member body in the user's country, any other ISO member body or an authorized third-party distributor, users are not granted the right to:

— use ISO documents for any purpose other than the Purpose;

— grant use or access rights to ISO documents beyond the Licence Type;

— disclose ISO documents beyond the intended Purpose and/or Licence Type;

— sell, lend, lease, reproduce, distribute, import/export or otherwise commercially exploit ISO documents. In the case of documents that are joint publications (such as ISO/IEC documents), this clause applies to the respective joint copyright ownership;

— assign or otherwise transfer ownership of ISO documents, in whole or in part, to any third party.

Regardless of the Licence Type or Purpose for which users are granted access and use rights for ISO documents, users are not permitted to access or use any ISO documents, in whole or in part, for any machine learning and/or artificial intelligence and/or similar purposes, including but not limited to accessing or using them

a) as training data for large language or similar models, or

b) for prompting or otherwise enabling artificial intelligence or similar tools to generate responses.

Such use is only permitted if expressly authorized through a specific licence agreement by the ISO member body in the requester's country, another ISO member body, or ISO. Requests for such authorization are considered on a case-by-case basis to ensure compliance with intellectual property rights. Specifically, it is not possible to claim the benefit of copyright exception of Article 4 of the Directive (EU) 2019/790 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on copyright and related rights in the Digital Single Market, for the purpose of text and data mining on ISO documents, as ISO hereby opts out of this exception.

If ISO, or the ISO member body in the user's country, has reasonable doubt that users are not compliant with these terms, it can request in writing to perform an audit, or have an audit performed by a third-party auditor, during business hours at the user's premises or via remote access.

© ISO 2025 – All rights reserved

Contents

Page

Foreword ... **iv**
Introduction ... **v**
1 Scope ... **1**
2 Normative references ... **1**
3 Terms and definitions ... **1**
4 General aim and practical use ... **6**
5 General test conditions ... **7**
5.1 General ... 7
5.2 Test temperature ... 8
5.3 Supply voltage ... 8
5.3.1 Low voltage (LV) power supply ... 8
5.3.2 HV DC power supply (excluding charger) ... 8
5.3.3 Charger power supply (a.c. or d.c.) for HV battery ... 8
5.4 Modulation ... 8
5.5 Dwell time ... 9
5.6 Frequency step sizes ... 9
5.7 Definition of test severity levels ... 10
5.8 Evaluation of test instrumentation uncertainties ... 10
6 Instrumentation ... **10**
6.1 Grounding and shielding ... 10
6.2 AN, HV-AN, AMN, and AAN ... 10
6.3 Power supply ... 11
6.3.1 LV power supply ... 11
6.3.2 HV DC power supply (excluding charger) ... 11
6.3.3 Charger power supply (a.c. or d.c.) ... 11
6.4 Load simulator ... 11
6.5 Test signal quality ... 11
7 Test procedure ... **12**
7.1 Test plan ... 12
7.2 Test methods ... 12
7.2.1 General ... 12
7.2.2 Substitution ... 12
7.2.3 Closed loop levelling ... 13
7.2.4 Disturbance application process ... 13
7.3 Test report ... 14
Annex A (normative) **Function performance status classification (FPSC)** ... **15**
Annex B (normative) **Artificial network (AN), high voltage artificial network (HV-AN), artificial mains network (AMN) and asymmetric artificial network (AAN)** ... **18**
Annex C (normative) **Constant peak test level for amplitude modulation** ... **27**
Annex D (informative) **Example of load simulator design** ... **30**
Annex E (informative) **Broadband test signal generation** ... **33**
Annex F (informative) **Remote/local grounding** ... **42**
Annex G (informative) **Evaluation of test instrumentation uncertainties** ... **44**
Bibliography ... **47**

© ISO 2025 – All rights reserved

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 32, *Electrical and electronic components and general system aspects*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 11452-1:2015), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

— update of the frequency ranges in Table 1;

— update on modulations (type and frequency range);

— technical revision of Annex B;

— new Annex E on broadband test signal generation;

— new Annex F on remote/local grounding;

— new Annex G on evaluation of test instrumentation uncertainties.

A list of all parts in the ISO 11452 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user’s national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

© ISO 2025 – All rights reserved

Introduction

In recent years, an increasing number of electronic devices for controlling, monitoring, and displaying a variety of functions have been introduced into vehicle designs. It is necessary to consider the electrical and electromagnetic environment in which these devices operate.

Electrical and radio-frequency (RF) disturbances occur during normal operation of many items of motor vehicle equipment. They are generated over a wide frequency range with various electrical characteristics and can be distributed to on-board electronic devices and systems by conduction, radiation, or both. Narrowband signals generated from sources on or off the vehicle can also be coupled into the electrical or electronic system, affecting the normal performance of electronic devices. Such sources of narrowband electromagnetic disturbances include mobile radios and broadcast transmitters.

It is important to establish the characteristics of the immunity of components to radiated disturbances. The ISO 11452 series provides various test methods for the evaluation of component immunity characteristics. Not all test methods need to be used for a given device under test (DUT). For example, stripline and transverse electromagnetic (TEM) cell test methods provide very similar exposure to the DUT. Only those tests necessary for replicating the use and mounting location of the DUT are included in the test plan. This will help to ensure a technically and economically optimized design for potentially susceptible components and systems.

The ISO 11452 series is not intended as a product specification and cannot function as one (see A.1). Therefore, no specific values for the test severity level are given.

It is important to consider protection from potential disturbances as a part of total vehicle validation as described in the ISO 11452 series, which covers vehicle test methods. A component test method described in the ISO 11452 series is performed prior to vehicle test. Due to the vehicle's shape, harness and component location diversities, conformity to parts of the ISO 11452 series does not guarantee conformity to parts of the ISO 11451 series. Nevertheless, the ISO 11452 series component tests are essential for giving a sufficient level of confidence before integration on vehicle(s).

© ISO 2025 – All rights reserved

Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy —

Part 1: General principles and terminology

1 Scope

This document specifies general conditions, defines terms, gives practical guidelines, and establishes the basic principles of the component tests used in the other parts of the ISO 11452 series for determining the immunity of electronic components of passenger cars and commercial vehicles to electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy, regardless of the vehicle propulsion system (e.g. spark-ignition engine, diesel engine, electric motor).

The electromagnetic disturbances considered are limited to continuous narrowband electromagnetic fields. A wide frequency range (d.c. and 15 Hz to 18 GHz) is allowed for the immunity testing of the components in the ISO 11452 series.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11452 (all parts), *Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy*

CISPR 16-1-2:2014+AMD1:2017 CSV, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods — Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus — Coupling devices for conducted disturbance measurements*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1
1 dB compression point
input signal level at which a system becomes non-linear, when the output value will deviate by 1 dB of the value given by an ideal linear system

© ISO 2025 – All rights reserved