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Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy — Wet thermal insulation systems for pipelines and subsea equipment —

Part 3: Interfaces between systems, field joint systems, field repairs and pre-fabricated insulation

Industries du pétrole et du gaz, y compris les énergies à faible teneur en carbone — Systèmes d'isolation thermique en milieu humide pour conduites et équipements sous-marins —

Partie 3: Interfaces entre systèmes, systèmes de joints soudés sur site, réparations sur site et isolation préfabriquée

Reference number
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pipeline transportation systems,* in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 12, *Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy,* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition of ISO 12736-3, together with ISO 12736-1 and ISO 12736-2, cancels and replaces ISO ISO 12736:2014.

The main changes are as follows:

— clearer delineation between commercial projects and validation;

— introduction of material classes;

— introduction of interface types;

— elimination of system specific qualification testing tables;

— introduction of project specific functional tests;

— addition of items related to pre-fabricated insulation;

— addition of Annexes A, B and D with guidance for using this document, design of systems, and pre-fabricated insulation.

A list of all parts in the ISO 12736 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy — Wet thermal insulation systems for pipelines and subsea equipment —

Part 3: Interfaces between systems, field joint systems, field repairs and pre-fabricated insulation

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for project specific product and process qualification of field applied wet thermal insulation systems applied at interfaces (e.g. field joints) and pre-fabricated insulation in the petroleum and natural gas industries.

This document is applicable to wet thermal insulation systems submerged in seawater.

This document is not applicable to:

— the project qualification of anticorrosion coatings or the requirements for application thereof;

— thermal insulation in the annulus of a steel pipe-in-pipe system.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 48-4, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of hardness — Part 4: Indentation hardness by durometer method (Shore hardness)*

ISO 868, *Plastics and ebonite — Determination of indentation hardness by means of a durometer (Shore hardness)*

ISO 1133-1, *Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics — Part 1: Standard method*

ISO 1133-2, *Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics — Part 2: Method for materials sensitive to time-temperature history and/or moisture*

ISO 1183-1, *Plastics — Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics — Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pycnometer method and titration method*

ISO 2781, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of density*

ISO 2884-2, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of viscosity using rotary viscometers — Part 2: Disc or ball viscometer operated at a specified speed*

ISO 3104, *Petroleum products — Transparent and opaque liquids — Determination of kinematic viscosity and calculation of dynamic viscosity*

ISO 3219 (all parts), *Rheology*

ISO 6502 (all parts), *Rubber — Guide to the use of cure meters*

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ISO 8502-3, *Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 3: Assessment of dust on steel surfaces prepared for painting (pressure-sensitive tape method)*

ISO 8502-4, *Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 4: Guidance on the estimation of the probability of condensation prior to paint application*

ISO 12736-1, *Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy — Wet thermal insulation systems for pipelines, flow lines, equipment and subsea structures — Part 1*

ISO 12736-2, *Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy — Wet thermal insulation systems for pipelines, flow lines, equipment and subsea structures — Part 2*

ISO 80000-1, *Quantities and units — Part 1: General*

ISO 10474, *Steel and steel products — Inspection documents*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1
agreed
specified in the purchase order

Note 1 to entry: To be discussed by the *system provider* (3.41) and *system purchaser* (3.42) with input from *end user* (3.9) as required.

3.2
application procedure specification
APS
quality specification document, or group of specifications, describing procedures, method, equipment, tools, etc. used for *system* (3.40) application

3.3
batch
quantity of *material* (3.22) produced in a continuous manufacturing operation using raw materials of the same source or grade

3.4
blown foam
insulation *material* (3.22) formed by incorporating a gas phase into a polymer matrix

3.5
certificate of analysis
document provided by the manufacturer that indicates results of specific tests or analysis, including test methodology, performed on a specified lot of the manufacturer's product and corresponding conformity ranges

3.6
chamfer
exposed pre-shaped termination of a *system* (3.40) to be interfaced with

Note 1 to entry: Chamfer geometry (e.g. angle, shape) and tolerances are project specific.

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