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Stationary source emissions — Greenhouse gases —

Part 1: Calibration of automated measuring systems

Émissions de sources fixes — Gaz à effet de serre —

Partie 1: Étalonnage des systèmes de mesurage automatiques

Reference number
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Contents

Page

Foreword ... **iv**
Introduction ... **v**
1 Scope ... **1**
2 Normative references ... **1**
3 Terms and definitions ... **1**
4 Symbols and abbreviations ... **5**
4.1 Symbols ... 5
4.2 Abbreviations ... 6
5 Principle ... **6**
5.1 General ... 6
5.2 Limitations ... 6
5.3 Measurement site and installation ... 7
5.4 Testing laboratories performing SRM measurements ... 8
6 Calibration and validation of the AMS ... **8**
6.1 General ... 8
6.2 Functional test ... 8
6.3 Calibration and validation of multiple/complex measurement systems ... 8
6.4 Parallel measurements with an SRM ... 9
6.5 Procedure: calibration and validation of the AMS by means of parallel measurements ... 11
6.6 Report ... 18
7 Documentation ... **18**
Annex A (normative) **Functional test of AMS** ... **19**
Annex B (normative) **Test of linearity** ... **23**
Annex C (normative) **Documentation** ... **25**
Annex D (informative) **Example of calculation of the calibration function** ... **27**
Annex E (informative) **Procedure for the identification of outliers** ... **30**
Annex F (informative) **Measurement uncertainty** ... **34**
Bibliography ... **35**

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 146, *Air quality*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Stationary source emissions*.

ISO 14385 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Stationary source emissions — Greenhouse gases*:

— *Part 1: Calibration of automated measuring systems*

— *Part 2: Ongoing quality control of automated measuring systems*

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Introduction

The measurement of greenhouse gas emissions (carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane) in a framework of emission trading requires an equal and known quality of data.

This part of ISO 14385 describes the quality assurance procedures for calibration and ongoing quality control needed to ensure that automated measuring systems (AMS) installed to measure emissions of greenhouse gases to air are capable of meeting the uncertainty requirements on measured values specified, e.g. by legislation, competent authorities, or in an emission trade scheme.

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Stationary source emissions — Greenhouse gases —

Part 1:
Calibration of automated measuring systems

1 Scope

This part of ISO 14385 specifies the procedures for establishing quality assurance for automated measuring systems (AMS) installed on industrial plants for the determination of the concentration of greenhouse gases in flue and waste gas and other flue gas parameters.

This part of ISO 14385 specifies a procedure to calibrate the AMS and determine the variability of the measured values obtained by an AMS, which is suitable for the validation of an AMS following its installation.

This part of ISO 14385 is designed to be used after the AMS has been accepted according to the procedures specified in ISO 14956.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14385-2, *Stationary source emissions — Greenhouse gases — Part 2: Ongoing quality control of automated measuring systems*

ISO 14956, *Air quality — Evaluation of the suitability of a measurement procedure by comparison with a required measurement uncertainty*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1
automated measuring system
AMS
measuring system permanently installed on site for continuous monitoring of emissions

Note 1 to entry: An AMS is a method which is traceable to a reference method.

Note 2 to entry: Apart from the analyser, an AMS includes facilities for taking samples (e.g. sample probe, sample gas lines, filters, flow meters, regulators, delivery pumps, blowers) and for sample conditioning (e.g. dust filter, water vapour removal devices, converters, diluters). This definition also includes testing and adjusting devices that are required for regular functional checks.

3.2
calibration function
linear relationship between the values of the SRM and the AMS with the assumption of a constant residual standard deviation

3.3
calibration gas
gas of known composition that can be used to check the response of the AMS

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