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Cardiovascular implants and extracorporeal systems — Cardiopulmonary bypass systems — Venous bubble traps

Implants cardiovasculaires et systèmes extracorporels — Systèmes de pontage cardiopulmonaire — Pièges à bulles veineuses



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Cardiovascular implants and extracorporeal systems*.

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Introduction

This document is intended to ensure that devices designed to remove air entering the venous line during surgical procedures requiring extracorporeal circulatory support have been adequately tested for both their safety and function, and that extracorporeal device characteristics are appropriately disclosed when labeling the device.

This document therefore contains procedures to be used for evaluation of extracorporeal venous bubble traps. Test procedures for determination of the air removal efficiency, blood cell damage and other performance characteristics are described, although limits for these characteristics are not specified. Ready identification of the performance characteristics should, however, assist the user in the selection of a venous bubble trap that will suit the needs of the patient.

This document also includes minimum reporting requirements, which will allow the user to compare performance characteristics of venous bubble traps of different designs in a standard way.

This document makes reference to other International Standards in which methods for determination of characteristics common to medical devices can be found.

Requirements for animal and clinical studies have not been included in this document.

Such studies may be part of a manufacturer's quality system.

This document contains only those requirements that are specific to venous bubble traps. Nonspecific requirements are covered by references to other International Standards listed in the normative references section.

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Cardiovascular implants and extracorporeal systems — Cardiopulmonary bypass systems — Venous bubble traps

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for sterile, single-use, venous bubble traps intended to remove air entering the venous line during surgical procedures requiring extracorporeal circulatory support, which may include cardiopulmonary bypass (CPB), extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO), or venovenous bypass for liver transplantation.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 594-2, *Conical fittings with 6 % (Luer) taper for syringes, needles and certain other medical equipment — Part 2: Lock fittings*

ISO 10993-1, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process*

ISO 10993-4, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 4: Selection of tests for interaction with blood*

ISO 10993-7, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 7: Ethylene oxide sterilization residuals*

ISO 10993-11, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity*

ISO 11135-1, *Sterilization of health care products — Ethylene oxide — Part 1: Requirements for development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*

ISO 11137-1, *Sterilization of health care products — Radiation — Part 1: Requirements for development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*

ISO 11607-1, *Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices — Part 1: Requirements for materials, sterile barrier systems and packaging systems*

ISO 11607-2, *Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices — Part 2: Validation requirements for forming, sealing and assembly processes*

ISO 14937, *Sterilization of health care products — General requirements for characterization of a sterilizing agent and the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*

ISO 17665-1, *Sterilization of health care products — Moist heat — Part 1: Requirements for the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses.

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp/

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

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3.1
venous bubble trap
device for removing air from the venous line of an extracorporeal circuit

3.2
blood pathway
blood-contacting surfaces of the venous bubble trap during its intended clinical use

3.3
blood cell damage
loss or destruction of cellular components of the blood

3.4
platelet reduction
percentage reduction of platelets contained in a circuit incorporating a venous bubble trap, as a function of time

3.5
plasma-free hemoglobin level
difference between the concentration of plasma-free hemoglobin in a circuit incorporating a venous bubble trap, as a function of time

3.5.1
normalized index of hemolysis
NIH
grams of plasma-free hemoglobin released after pumping 100 l of blood

$$NIH\left\{g\ /\ 100\,L\right\} = \Delta fHb \times V \times \frac{100 - Hct}{100} \times \frac{100}{Q \times T}$$

where

ΔfHb is the increase of plasma free hemoglobin concentration (g/L) over the sampling time interval;

V is the circuit volume (L);

Q is the flow rate (L/min);

Hct is the hematocrit (%);

T is the sampling time interval (min)

3.6
white blood cell reduction
percentage reduction of white blood cells contained in a circuit incorporating a venous bubble trap, as a function of time

3.7
air removal efficiency
ability of the venous bubble trap to remove air from the blood, expressed as a percentage

3.8
blood analogue
test solution which simulates blood viscosity between $2{,}0 \times 10^{-3}$ Pa·s (2,0 cP), to $3{,}5 \times 10^{-3}$ Pa·s (3,5 cP)

3.9
predicate venous bubble trap
similar venous bubble trap to the test venous bubble trap that has previously been approved and used for the same intended clinical use

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