International Standard

ISO 19403-3

Second edition
2024-09

Paints and varnishes — Wettability —

Part 3: Determination of the surface tension of liquids using the pendant drop method

Peintures et vernis — Mouillabilité —

Partie 3: Détermination de la tension de surface des liquides par la méthode de la goutte pendante

Reference number
ISO 19403-3:2024(en)

© ISO 2024



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Foreword ... **iv**
1 Scope ... **1**
2 Normative references ... **1**
3 Terms and definitions ... **1**
4 Principle ... **1**
5 Apparatus and materials ... **2**
6 Sampling ... **3**
7 Procedure ... **3**
7.1 General ... 3
7.1.1 Setting up the drop contour analysis device ... 3
7.1.2 Test conditions ... 4
7.2 Determination of the surface tension of the liquid ... 4
7.2.1 Preparations ... 4
7.2.2 Procedure ... 4
8 Evaluation ... **4**
9 Precision ... **5**
9.1 General ... 5
9.2 Repeatability limit, *r* ... 5
9.3 Reproducibility limit, *R* ... 5
10 Test report ... **5**
Annex A (informative) **Density of test liquids** ... **6**
Annex B (normative) **Shape parameter**, *B*, **and Worthington number** ... **7**
Annex C (informative) **Details of an interlaboratory test** ... **8**
Bibliography ... **11**

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 9, *General test methods for paints and varnishes*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 139, *Paints and varnishes*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 19403-3:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

— the Worthington number has been introduced in Annex B;

— the normative references have been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 19403 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved

Paints and varnishes — Wettability —

Part 3: Determination of the surface tension of liquids using the pendant drop method

1 Scope

This document specifies a test method to measure the surface tension of liquids with an optical method using the pendant drop. The method can be applied for the characterization of liquid coating materials. If applied to liquids with non-Newtonian flow behaviour (as defined in ISO 3219-1:2021, 3.22), restrictions can apply.

NOTE For other methods to determine the surface tension, see e.g. EN 14370 and ISO 1409.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2811-1, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of density — Part 1: Pycnometer method*

ISO 2811-2, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of density — Part 2: Immersed body (plummet) method*

ISO 2811-3, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of density — Part 3: Oscillation method*

ISO 2811-4, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of density — Part 4: Pressure cup method*

ISO 4618, *Paints and varnishes — Vocabulary*

ISO 15528, *Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling*

ISO 19403-1:2022, *Paints and varnishes — Wettability — Part 1: Vocabulary and general principles*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4618 and ISO 19403-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

4 Principle

One drop of the respective liquids to be tested is captured hanging from a needle, where the drop shall deviate significantly from the spherical shape due to its own mass. The surface tension is calculated from the shape of the pendant drop in accordance with the Young-Laplace equation.

The polar and disperse fractions of the surface tension can be determined with at least two methods, which are specified in ISO 19403-4 and ISO 19403-5.

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved