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Cards and security devices for personal identification — Contactless proximity objects —

Part 4: Transmission protocol

Cartes et dispositifs de sécurité pour l'identification personnelle — Objets sans contact de proximité —

Partie 4: Protocole de transmission

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, SC 17, *Cards and security devices for personal identification*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO/IEC 14443-4:2016), which has been technically revised.

A list of all the parts in the ISO/IEC 14443 series can be found on the ISO website.

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Introduction

The ISO/IEC 14443 series of standards describes the parameters for identification cards or objects for international interchange.

The protocol, as defined in this document, is capable of transferring the application protocol data units as defined in ISO/IEC 7816-4. Thus, application protocol data units and application selection may be used as defined in ISO/IEC 7816-4.

The ISO/IEC 14443 series of standards is intended to allow operation of proximity cards in the presence of other contactless cards or objects conforming to the ISO/IEC 10536 series of standards and the ISO/IEC 15693 series of standards and near field communication (NFC) devices conforming to ISO/IEC 18092 and ISO/IEC 21481.

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Cards and security devices for personal identification — Contactless proximity objects —

Part 4: Transmission protocol

1 Scope

This document specifies a half-duplex block transmission protocol featuring the special needs of a contactless environment and defines the activation and deactivation sequence of the protocol.

This document is intended to be used in conjunction with other parts of ISO/IEC 14443 and is applicable to proximity cards or objects of Type A and Type B.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 7816-3, *Identification cards — Integrated circuit cards — Part 3: Cards with contacts — Electrical interface and transmission protocols*

ISO/IEC 7816-4:2013, *Identification cards — Integrated circuit cards — Part 4: Organization, security and commands for interchange*

ISO/IEC 14443-2[1)], *Cards and security devices for personal identification — Contactless proximity objects — Part 2: Radio frequency power and signal interface*

ISO/IEC 14443-3, *Cards and security devices for personal identification — Contactless proximity objects — Part 3: Initialization and anticollision*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1
bit duration
one elementary time unit (etu), calculated by the following formula:

$$1 \text{ etu} = 128/(D \times fc)$$

Note 1 to entry: The initial value of the divisor D is 1, giving the initial etu as follows:

$$1 \text{ etu} = 128/fc$$

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where *fc* is the carrier frequency as defined in ISO/IEC 14443-2.

3.2
block
special type of frame, which contains a valid protocol data format

Note 1 to entry: A valid protocol data format includes I-blocks, R-blocks or S-blocks.

3.3
invalid block
type of frame, which contains an invalid protocol format

Note 1 to entry: A time-out, when no frame has been received, is not interpreted as an invalid block.

3.4
frame
sequence of bits as defined in ISO/IEC 14443-3

Note 1 to entry: The PICC independent from its type may use the frame with error correction defined in Clause 10. Alternatively, the PICC Type A can use one of the standard frames defined for Type A and the PICC Type B can use the frame defined for Type B. This Type B frame is called standard frame, too, within this document.

4 Symbols, abbreviated terms and notation

4.1 Symbols and abbreviated terms

A	Hamming control bits generation matrix (6 rows, 56 columns)
ACK	positive ACKnowledgement
ATS	Answer To Select
ATQA	Answer To reQuest, Type A
ATQB	Answer To reQuest, Type B
CID	Card IDentifier
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check, as defined for each PICC Type in ISO/IEC 14443-3
CRC1	most significant byte of CRC (b16 to b9)
CRC2	least significant byte of CRC (b8 to b1)
CRC_32	Cyclic Redundancy Check error detection code used within enhanced block
c_n	Hamming control bit n
$\underline{\boldsymbol{d}}$	vector containing 56 data bits
d_n	data bit n
D	Divisor
DR	Divisor Receive (PCD to PICC)
DRI	Divisor Receive Integer (PCD to PICC)
DS	Divisor Send (PICC to PCD)

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