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Part 22: Crypto suite SPECK security services for air interface communications

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 31, *Automatic identification and data capture techniques.*

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 29167-22:2018), which has been technically revised.

The main change is as follows: Annex E has been updated to reflect changes to the over-the-air protocol.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 29167 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user’s national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

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Introduction

This document provides a common crypto suite for security for radio frequency identification (RFID) devices. The crypto suite is defined in alignment with existing air interfaces and specifies a variety of security services provided by the lightweight block cipher SPECK.

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Information technology — Automatic identification and data capture techniques —

Part 22: Crypto suite SPECK security services for air interface communications

1 Scope

This document specifies the crypto suite for SPECK for the ISO/IEC 18000 air interface standards for radio frequency identification (RFID) devices.

SPECK is a symmetric block cipher that is parameterized in both its block length and key length. The block/key length options supported in this crypto suite (in bits) are 64/96, 96/96, 64/128, 128/128 and 128/256.

In this document, a Tag and an Interrogator can support one, a subset or all of the specified options, clearly stating what is supported.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 18000-63, *Information technology — Radio frequency identification for item management — Part 63: Parameters for air interface communications at 860 MHz to 960 MHz Type C*

ISO/IEC 19762, *Information technology — Automatic identification and data capture (AIDC) techniques — Vocabulary*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 19762 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1.1
bit string
ordered sequence of 0s and 1s

3.1.2
block cipher
family of permutations that is parameterized by a cryptographic key and, optionally, the *block size* (3.1.3)

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3.1.3
block size
number of bits in a *data block* (3.1.6) that is an input (or output) of the *block cipher* (3.1.2)

3.1.4
cryptographic key
string of bits of length given by *key size* (3.1.7) that is used by the *block cipher* (3.1.2) to transform some *data blocks* (3.1.6)

3.1.5
command
<message> data that the Interrogator sends to the Tag with Message as the parameter

3.1.6
data block
string of bits whose length is given by the *block size* (3.1.3) of the *block cipher* (3.1.2)

3.1.7
key size
length in bits of the *cryptographic key* (3.1.4) that is used by the *block cipher* (3.1.2)

3.1.8
message
part of the *command* (3.1.5) that is defined by the crypto suite

3.1.9
nonce
data block (3.1.6) that, within the parameters of typical use, can be assumed to be non-repeating

3.1.10
SPECK-b/k-ENC(key, data)
SPECK encryption of a *b*-bit *data block* (3.1.6) using a *k*-bit *cryptographic key* (3.1.4)

3.1.11
SPECK-b/k-DEC(key, data)
SPECK decryption of a *b*-bit *data block* (3.1.6) using a *k*-bit *cryptographic key* (3.1.4)

3.1.12
reply
<response> data that the Tag returns to the Interrogator with *Response* (3.1.13) as parameter

3.1.13
response
part of the *reply* (3.1.12) (stored or sent) that is within the crypto suite

3.2 Symbols

$XXXX_2$	binary notation
$XXXX_h$	hexadecimal notation
||	concatenation of syntax elements, transmitted in the order written
Ø	empty string, typically used to indicate a deliberately empty input or omitted field
|A|	bit-wise length of the string A expressed as an integer

EXAMPLE 1 $|0000_2| = 4$.

EXAMPLE 2 $|0000_h| = 16$.

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