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Information technology — Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Specification —

Part 12: Cloud security specification

Technologies de l'information — Specification de la Fondation pour la connectivité ouverte (Fondation OCF) —

Partie 12: Spécification de la sécurité du nuage



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by the Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) (as OCF Cloud Security Specification, version 2.2.0) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules. It was adopted, under the JTC 1 PAS procedure, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 30118 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

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Introduction

This document, and all the other parts associated with this document, were developed in response to worldwide demand for smart home focused Internet of Things (IoT) devices, such as appliances, door locks, security cameras, sensors, and actuators; these to be modelled and securely controlled, locally and remotely, over an IP network.

While some inter-device communication existed, no universal language had been developed for the IoT. Device makers instead had to choose between disparate frameworks, limiting their market share, or developing across multiple ecosystems, increasing their costs. The burden then falls on end users to determine whether the products they want are compatible with the ecosystem they bought into, or find ways to integrate their devices into their network, and try to solve interoperability issues on their own.

In addition to the smart home, IoT deployments in commercial environments are hampered by a lack of security. This issue can be avoided by having a secure IoT communication framework, which this standard solves.

The goal of these documents is then to connect the next 25 billion devices for the IoT, providing secure and reliable device discovery and connectivity across multiple OSs and platforms. There are multiple proposals and forums driving different approaches, but no single solution addresses the majority of key requirements. This document and the associated parts enable industry consolidation around a common, secure, interoperable approach.

ISO/IEC 30118 consists of eighteen parts, under the general title Information technology — Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Specification. The parts fall into logical groupings as described herein:

- Core framework
  - Part 1: Core Specification
  - Part 2: Security Specification
  - Part 13: Onboarding Tool Specification
- Bridging framework and bridges
  - Part 3: Bridging Specification
  - Part 6: Resource to Alljoyn Interface Mapping Specification
  - Part 8: OCF Resource to oneM2M Resource Mapping Specification
  - Part 14: OCF Resource to BLE Mapping Specification
  - Part 15: OCF Resource to EnOcean Mapping Specification
  - Part 16: OCF Resource to UPlus Mapping Specification
  - Part 17: OCF Resource to Zigbee Cluster Mapping Specification
  - Part 18: OCF Resource to Z-Wave Mapping Specification
- Resource and Device models
  - Part 4: Resource Type Specification
  - Part 5: Device Specification

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- Core framework extensions
  - Part 7: Wi-Fi Easy Setup Specification
  - Part 9: Core Optional Specifiction
- OCF Cloud
  - Part 10: Cloud API for Cloud Services Specification
  - Part 11: Device to Cloud Services Specification
  - Part 12: Cloud Security Specification

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Information technology — Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Specification —

Part 12: Cloud security specification

1 Scope

The OCF Cloud specifications are divided into a series of documents:

– OCF Cloud security specification (this document): The cloud security specification document specifies the security recuirements and definitions for OCF devices and OCF clouds implementations.

– OCF Device to Cloud Specification: The OCF Device to Cloud Specification document defines functional extensions and capabilities to meet the requirements of the OCF Cloud. This document specifies new Resource Types to enable the functionality and any extensions required to connect an OCF device to an OCF cloud.

– OCF Cloud API for cloud services specification: The Cloud API for cloud services specification defines the OCF cloud API.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 30118-1 *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 1: Core specification*
https://www.iso.org/standard/53238.html

ISO/IEC 30118-2, Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – *Part 2: Security specification*
https://www.iso.org/standard/74239.html

ISO/IEC 30118-8, *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 8: Device to Cloud Services*,
https://www.iso.org/standard/79360.html

IETF RFC 6749, *The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework*, October 2012,
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749

IETF RFC 6750*, The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework: Bearer Token Usage*, October 2012,
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6750

IETF RFC 8323, CoAP (Constrained Application Protocol) over TCP, TLS, and WebSockets, February 2018, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8323

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oneM2M Release 3 Documents, http://www.onem2m.org/technical/published-drafts

OpenAPI document, aka *Swagger RESTful API Documentation Specification*, Version 2.0
https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 30118-1, ISO/IEC 30118-2, ISO/IEC 30118-8 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

– ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

– IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1.1
Access Token
credential used to authorize the connection with the OCF Cloud and access protected Resources

Note 1 to entry: An Access Token is a string while the OCF Device has no internal logic based on its contents and only forwards the token as-is

3.1.2
Authorization Provider
server issuing Access Tokens (3.1.1) via a Mediator to the Client after successfully authenticating the *OCF Cloud User* (3.1.4) and obtaining authorization

Note 1 to entry: Also known as authorization server in IETF RFC 6749.

3.1.3
Device Registration
process by which Device is enrolled/registered to the OCF Cloud infrastructure (using Device certificate and unique credential) and becomes ready for further remote operation through the cloud interface (e.g. connection to remote Resources or publishing of its own Resources for access)

3.1.4
OCF Cloud User
person or organization authorizing a set of Devices to interact with each other via an OCF Cloud

Note 1 to entry: For each of the Devices, the OCF Cloud User is either the same as, or a delegate of, the person or organization that onboarded that Device. The OCF Cloud User delegates, to the OCF Cloud authority, authority to route between Devices registered by the OCF Cloud User. The OCF Cloud delegates, to the OCF Cloud User, authority to select the set of Devices which can register and use the services of the OCF Cloud.

3.2 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the symbols and abbreviated terms given in ISO/IEC 30118-1, ISO/IEC 30118-2 and ISO/IEC 30118-8 apply.

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